

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2023

DSE-P3-ZOOLOGY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

The question paper contains two groups GROUP-A and GROUP-B. The candidates are required to answer any *one* from *two* groups and candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

GROUP-A

MICROBIOLOGY			
1.		Answer any <i>five</i> of the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a)	What do you mean by viral shedding?	
	(b)	What is acid fast staining?	
	(c)	What is a magnetosome?	
	(d)	Define antigenic-switching.	
	(e)	Name the causative agent of typhoid in human.	
	(f)	Name one pandemic disease.	
	(g)	Name a microorganism present as normal flora in the urino-genital tract.	
	(h)	Who proposed the "germ theory of disease"?	
2.		Answer any <i>three</i> of the following:	5×3 = 15
	(a)	What is an exotoxin? State its characteristics.	3+2
	(b)	Discuss Carl Woese's three domain classification system.	
	(c)	Briefly narrate the normal microbial flora of human body.	
	(d)	Distinguish between Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria.	
	(e)	Mention the chemical structure and function of bacterial capsule.	

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(a) Delineate various sorts of culture media that you have studied for growing

(b) Define bacterial transformation. Give an account of transformation with emphasis

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

6+4

2+6+2

3.

Answer any *two* of the following:

microorganisms. Comment on Koch's postulates.

on Griffith's experiment. Draw a suitable diagram.

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poisoning. (d) State the routes of entry for viral pathogens. How are the viral pathogens 4+3+3 decimated to secondary sites? Add a note on "termination of acute infection". **GROUP-B PARASITOLOGY** Answer any *five* of the following: 1. $1 \times 5 = 5$ (a) How can you identify the male and female Ascaris sp? (b) What do you mean by hyperparasitoid? (c) Define obligatory parasite. (d) State the habitat of Schistosoma haematobium. (e) Which parasitic infestation causes scabies? (f) Differentiate between mechanical and biological vector. (g) What is the gynaecophoric canal? (h) Name the motile, feeding stage of Protozoans. 2. Answer any *three* of the following: $5 \times 3 = 15$ (a) What is a vector? Differentiate between hard ticks and soft ticks. 1 + 4(b) Write about the diagnosis and prophylaxis of Trichinellosis. 2+3(c) Give a brief account of the parasitic behaviour of Vampire Bat. (d) Explain what is meant by nocturnal periodicity of microfilaria of 3+2Wuchereria bancrofti. What is meant by elephantiasis? (e) Briefly narrate the morphology and life cycle of *Xenopsylla cheopis*. $10 \times 2 = 20$ 3. Answer any *two* of the following: (a) Describe the biology, life cycle, importance and control measures of *Cimex* sp. 2+3+3+2 (b) Delineate the life cycle of Brugia malayi with suitable diagram. Comment on its 5+2+3 pathogenicity. (c) Explain the prevalence, pathogenicity and treatment of *Ancylostoma duodenale*. 2+4+4(d) Discuss the morphology of the various forms of Trypanosoma gambiense. 6+2+2Differentiate host and vector. Write a note on prevention and control of sleeping sickness.

(c) What is the causative agent of staphylococcal food poisoning? Discuss the

symptoms, pathogenesis and preventive measures for staphylococcal food

1+3+3+3

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